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7	*Admitted pro hac vice	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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12	CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO,	No. C 19-02405 WHA
13	Plaintiff,	Related to No. C 19-02769 WHA
14	vs.	No. C 19-02916 WHA
15	ALEX M. AZAR II, et al.,	DECLARATION OF ELIZABETH BARNES IN SUPPORT OF
16	Defendants.	PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND IN
17	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, by and through ATTORNEY GENERAL XAVIER BECERRA,	SUPPORT OF THEIR OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
18	Plaintiff,	DISMISS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, FOR SUMMARY
19	vs.	JUDGMENT
20	ALEX M. AZAR, et al.,	Date: October 30, 2019 Time: 8:00 AM
21	Defendants.	Dept: 12 Judge: Hon. William H. Alsup
22	COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA et al, Plaintiffs,	Trial Date: None Set Action Filed: 5/2/2019
23	-	
24	VS.	
25	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, et al.,	
26	Defendants.	
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28	Decl. of Elizabeth Barnes in Support of Plaintiffs' Mo	4 6 - 6 - 11

I, Elizabeth Barnes, declare:

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I am the President of The Women's Centers, a group of reproductive healthcare 1. clinics in the Northeast of the United States that provides abortion care and contraception, among other services.

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The Hartford Gyn Center in Hartford, Connecticut is one such clinic. It opened in 2. 1978, and is the only independent, state-licensed family-planning clinic in the State of Connecticut. The clinic also operates a medical residency rotation program.

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I submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiffs' challenge to the final rule 3. promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") relating to "Conscience Rights in Health Care" (the "Rule") and the Rule's enforcement by the HHS Office of Civil Rights ("OCR").

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> Hartford Gyn's mission is to provide women with compassionate abortion care. 4.

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We provide abortion through 21 weeks of pregnancy as well as other reproductive health services. In carrying out this mission, the autonomy of each patient is paramount. The clinic's practices are

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designed to support patients in making their own healthcare decisions free from external

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judgment. The clinic also advocates for the reproductive rights of all patients and seeks to effect

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corresponding social change.

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Hartford Gyn is a subrecipient of federal Medicaid funding through the state of 5. Connecticut. I understand that, as a result, Hartford Gyn will be considered a "subrecipient" under

20 the Rule.

> Connecticut is one of the states that permits the use of state Medicaid funding for 6. elective abortions, with this funding separated from federal dollars also flowing through the state

program, which can be used to reimburse non-abortion services.

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7. In 2017, Medicaid funding accounted for 70 % of Hartford Gyn's income. Private

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insurance covered only 17 %, and cash payment and donations from abortion funds made up the

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remaining 13 %. While the clinic has not yet finalized these figures for 2018, they will remain at approximately these levels.

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Abortion services accounted for 66 % of Hartford Gyn's services in 2017. The

Decl. of Elizabeth Barnes in Support of Plaintiffs' Mot. for Summ. Jdg. and in Support of Their Oppn. to Defendants' Mot. to Dismiss or, in the Alt., for Summ. Jdg. (Nos. 19-2405 WHA, 19-0276 WHA, 19-2916 WHA)

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remaining 34 % included contraception and a small amount of gynecological care. Although federal Medicaid dollars do not cover our abortion services, approximately half of the reimbursement we receive for our contraception and gynecological services originates with HHS.

- 9. Hartford Gyn's survival depends on the receipt of Medicaid funding, in part, because it receives so few patients who pay for their services privately or are covered by private insurance. Given the number of hospital facilities and individual physicians who provide gynecologic services in Connecticut for privately-paying patients, and the fact that the state Medicaid program reimburses providers for abortions and other services, it is impossible that Hartford Gyn would ever be able to rely on privately-paying patients to make up for the loss of federal Medicaid dollars. Reimbursement for gynecological services, a small percentage of our services, would also be insufficient to make up for the loss of federal Medicaid funding. At present, the clinic is barely sustained by the income generated by its current patient population. We exist, not for economic gain, but to pursue our mission of serving women in need of reproductive healthcare, including abortion and contraception.
- Hartford Gyn would close quickly if it could not receive even a small percentage 10. of its current income and would certainly close if we lost the sizable reimbursement we receive for contraception services. The clinic has no reserve funding, and clawback of any amount would bankrupt the business.
- To the extent that the Rule prevents the clinic from expecting that staff members 11. interact with all patients without judgment, would permit staff to unilaterally deny patients care and information, or force us to forego our emergency services and staffing practices, it is contrary to our mission and unworkable.
- 12. If it takes effect, the Rule will impose immediate administrative costs. Under the Rule, the clinic must maintain records of its compliance, although the Rule does not specify the exact form of these records.
- The clinic will also be subject to investigation or inspection, measures which can 13. be initiated unilaterally by HHS based on a complaint or even in the absence of a complaint. The Rule is silent as to whether HHS must inform the clinic of an investigation or follow any

 particular procedure with respect to these investigations or inspections. The Clinic must cooperate with these measures; although the Rule is also silent as to the specific requirements of such cooperation. Further, the Rule states that HHS "shall" inspect any clinic based on any complaint or other information indicating an actual, possible, or threatened violation of the Rule. The Rule specifies that patient privacy is not grounds for denying access to records, even, apparently, patients' unredacted medical records.

- 14. If OCR finds a violation of the Rule, with or without a complaint, OCR is empowered to withdraw or even clawback our Medicaid funding. I understand that under the Rule, Connecticut's Medicaid program as the direct recipient also bears primary responsibility for our compliance with the Rule, incentivizing the state to fund less reproductive healthcare out of fear that the state might lose its federal funding. I further understand that under the Rule, the conduct or activity of contractors is "attributable" to the state for the purposes of enforcement or liability under the Weldon Amendment, further disincentivizing continued funding to the clinic. Loss of funding would shutter the clinic.
- 15. Hartford Gyn is unique even among clinics in progressive states for a number of reasons that would make its closure extremely burdensome for patients and providers.
- 16. First, Hartford Gyn has a broad depth of physician experience and provides advanced care, including abortion through 21 weeks of pregnancy, not provided by other facilities in the area. The clinic also employs a certified nurse-anesthetist, a specialized nurse that is rare and expensive. Hartford Gyn is the only independent abortion provider in Connecticut and the only non-hospital provider offering abortion care services past 19 weeks of pregnancy. Although hospital services may be available at some facilities, high cost and limited appointment availability can push this care out of reach for many people.
- 17. Second, Hartford Gyn sees patients from all walks of life, including low-income patients who cannot easily access care elsewhere, if at all. Hartford Gyn serves a large number of low-income patients, many of whom rely on Medicaid insurance, funding support, and/or discounted services at the clinic to access care. Further, many of Hartford Gyn's patients often face difficulties taking time from work, coordinating affordable transportation, and accessing

childcare—additional barriers to healthcare access. If Hartford Gyn were forced to close, patients who rely on the clinic for care will be forced to travel further the access care, compounding the logistical and financial challenges they face in accessing care, and preventing some from accessing care altogether, with disproportionate impacts on low-income patients.

- 18. Third, Hartford Gyn is one of the only facilities in the region that trains physicians in abortion care, especially in the second trimester. Although it does not receive significant outside funding for this training, it provides this service based on its deep commitment to supporting the next generation of providers. Currently, residents at Saint Francis Hospital and Medical Center can receive training from our medical director on Saturdays.
- 19. Fourth, Hartford Gyn has taken a public stance defending reproductive rights, including in media coverage of the clinic after a "crisis pregnancy center" opened just 30 feet from our office, in the same complex, and our clinic painted a "yellow brick road" for patients to follow when entering the clinic. The clinic is a symbol of the determined provision of constitutionally-protected care in the face of adversity for the reproductive rights movement, and, correspondingly, a known target of anti-abortion activists.
- 20. Anti-choice protestors target our clinic regularly. They have intimidated and threatened providers and patients at Hartford Gyn, and have misinformed and shamed our patients right outside of our clinic. Staff routinely enter the facility briskly out of fear the anti-choice protestors on the sidewalk or in our courtyard will photograph them, track their vehicle, or cause violence, and some staff have even been targeted at their homes. Further, according to data collected by the Feminist Majority Foundation, clinics located near a crisis pregnancy center were more likely to experience high levels of violence, threats, and harassment. Anti-choice extremists have bombed clinics, killed providers and staff, threatened and exposed the personal information of providers and staff, and shamed and humiliated patients. Those who provide this care live under constant threat.
- 21. For these reasons, the careful screening of potential staff members before hiring is an essential security precaution at Hartford Gyn. Like that of most private companies, the goal of an effective background check is to provide an accurate assessment of the applicant's

qualifications. As an abortion provider, however, we also assess additional material related to an applicant's reputation, reliability, truthfulness, and objectivity based on the very real concern that an anti-abortion extremist could harm the clinic. We also work to ensure that the patient will be provided care by someone who supports their right to make decisions about their own healthcare and will treat patients in a nonjudgmental and supportive manner. This robust process contributes to the substantial administrative and staff resources expended by facilities providing abortion care services. The Rule creates an opening for anti-abortion extremists to infiltrate and incapacitate our clinic by undermining this process and creating threats to security as well as to the basic right of the patient to non-judgmental supportive care in a safe environment that protects their quality of care, confidential medical information, and dignity.

- 22. Because our clinic's mission is to provide access to reproductive healthcare services, for all staff and virtually all others working at the clinic, such as contracted cleaning staff, working at Hartford Gyn necessarily involves some kind of connection to abortion care or contraception, and the clinic procedures and practices are designed to ensure our patients receive the highest quality, non-judgmental care. The clinic must operate efficiently due to its already limited income, but in order to do so, all staff must perform functions that touch on the provision of abortion and/or contraception. For example, receptionists' job duties include scheduling patients for abortion and contraception appointments. Similarly, our bookkeeper's job duties include preparing billing for all of the services we provide. There is no alternative human resources structure that could sustain the clinic. To the extent that the Rule would force us to change our structure, we would be forced to close.
- 23. Similarly, if individual staff could delay or deny care or give incomplete information about medical options based on their own beliefs, our clinic could not function properly, particularly in emergency situations. Such actions would disrupt our mission by failing to honor the beliefs and choices of our patients and by breaking down the trust central to our model of care and to the sustainability of our business.
- 24. In addition to the staffing and policy issues discussed above, the Rule will create tremendous uncertainty. Because the Rule is written so broadly, we are unable to determine what

our rights and our obligations are under the Rule on the day it goes into effect. Given the Rule's breadth and lack of clarity, we cannot accurately predict what we must do to comply, particularly in an emergency, while maintaining our mission and the quality of our patient care. The Rule puts the clinic in an untenable and unacceptable position.

- 25. If we cannot seek to ensure that our patients receive compassionate, non-judgmental care from every person they encounter in the clinic, we will no longer serve our central purpose.
- 26. That purpose is to provide essential reproductive healthcare services, including abortion and contraception, in a time when such care is stigmatized and threatened in the United States. The many barriers to care now inherent in healthcare systems—legal restrictions, funding limitations, stigma, among others—can be insurmountable. For many of our patients, Hartford Gyn is the provider of last resort.
- 27. We strive to empower patients to make their own, autonomous choices. We believe that respecting women's autonomy builds stronger communities and positive social change. This belief inspires our patient-centric approach to care. In order to empower patients to make decisions that support their health and are best-suited for them, we must provide comprehensive, medically-accurate information about our patients' medical options. To that end, we train and expect our staff to support patients with the resources, tools, and medical services they need to realize their choices.
- 28. When patients arrive at Hartford Gyn, they often comment on the kindness and compassion of the staff and the holistic care we provide. This response is often in some part the result of previous ill-treatment at crisis pregnancy centers or other healthcare facilities.
- 29. For example, last year, a 21-year-old patient scheduled an appointment with Hartford Gyn. On her way to her appointment, the patient and her mother were instructed to enter Hartford Women's Center, the crisis pregnancy center that opened next to our clinic. An employee of the crisis pregnancy center told the patient and her mother to "come in here" and then proceeded to tell her that if she had an abortion, she would be "sinning" and that she "might not make it out alive." After wasting significant time, being misinformed about numerous aspects

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of abortion care, and treated with hostility and condemnation, they were ultimately told that "[t]here is no abortion center here." Unlike countless other patients faced with the same misinformation, the patient was able to find her way to her appointment. Once at Hartford Gyn, the patient reported feeling shame and fear. Our staff spent time with the patient to explain that she had spoken with someone who was not a medical professional and who had given her false information. This patient expected and was entitled to unbiased, non-coercive pregnancy counseling and abortion care from medical professionals.

- Many patients face similar barriers to reproductive healthcare even at legitimate 30. healthcare institutions, including Catholic hospitals. For an increasing number of communities, the closest or only hospital is a Catholic hospital operating under the guidance of the Ethical and Religious Directives for Catholic Health Care Services which govern certain practices at Catholic hospitals. Our patients frequently report that after presenting to their closest emergency room for evaluation, a positive pregnancy test was met with "congratulations!" and a refusal to provide requested resources or referrals to a center that would offer abortion care services. This refusal to provide comprehensive options and referrals causes delays in accessing time-sensitive abortion care, instills shame and fear in patients, and threatens severe health consequences.
- 31. Even at secular hospitals, there are often limits on the scope of care that is provided, either because of the refusal of an official in power or due to a lack of commitment to providing comprehensive reproductive healthcare, which is often accompanied by an assumption that care will remain available at independent providers like Harford Gyn.
- 32. Women seeking abortion and contraception, and the providers of such care, have been vilified in many places in the U.S. Anti-abortion activists have caused immeasurable harm, including killing abortion providers, threatening patients, infiltrating clinics, and spreading false information about patients, providers, and reproductive healthcare options, among other security concerns.
- 33. Hartford Gyn serves a special role in the provision of abortion care locally and nationally, and it is particularly vulnerable to closure if it loses its Medicaid funding. The community and the broader public consider Hartford Gyn to be a responsible and trustworthy

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medical provider because we have provided nonjudgmental, objective, and compassionate care to women for four decades. We will not continue to operate if we cannot follow our best practices to avoid 34. further harm to and further stigmatization of patients seeking reproductive healthcare. To the extent that the Rule is inconsistent with the practices that protect our patients' health, ensure nondiscrimination, and make it financially and logistically feasible to operate, we will be forced to risk the loss of all funding and closure. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on 1/29/19 in Hartford, Connecticut, beth Barnes President, The Women's Centers